

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA / COURSE SYLLABUS						
Predmet:		Aproksimacijski in naključnostni algoritmi				
Course title:		Approximation and randomized algorithms				
Študijski program in stopnja Study programme and level		Študijska smer Study field		Letnik Academic year	Semester Semester	
Interdisciplinarni magistrski študijski program Računalništvo in matematika		ni smeri		1 in 2	prvi	
Interdisciplinary Masters study programme Computer Science and Mathematics		none		1 in 2	first	
Vrsta predmeta / Course type				izbirni		
Univerzitetna koda predmeta / University course code:						
Predavanja Lectures	Seminar Seminar	Vaje Tutorial	Klinične vaje work	Druge oblike študija	Samost. delo Individ. work	ECTS
45		30			105	6
Nosilec predmeta / Lecturer:		Borut Robič				
Jeziki / Languages:	Predavanja / Lectures:		slovenski/Slovene			
	Vaje / Tutorial:		slovenski/Slovene			
Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti:				Prerequisites:		
Vsebina:				Content (Syllabus outline):		

<p>Predmet bo vseboval naslednje vsebine:</p> <p>Uvod</p> <p>Računska zahtevnost odločitvenih in optimizacijskih problemov</p> <p>NP-polni in NP-težki problemi</p> <p>Hevristični algoritmi, kakovost suboptimalnih rešitev, (ne)obstoje zagotovila za kakovost</p> <p>Približno reševanje NP-težkih probl.</p> <p>Aproksimacijski algoritmi</p> <p>Kakovost približnih rešitev</p> <p>Razred APX</p> <p>Tehnika z vrzeljo</p> <p>Aproksimacijske sheme</p> <p>Razreda PTAS in FPTAS</p> <p>Meje približnega reševanja</p> <p>Razvoj aproksimacijskih algoritmov</p> <p>Požrešna metoda</p> <p>Osredotočanje na podporprobleme</p> <p>Zaporedno razdeljevanje</p> <p>Dinamično programiranje</p> <p>Naključnostno reševanje NP-težkih probl.</p> <p>Las Vegas in Monte Carlo algoritmi</p> <p>Razredi RP, co-RP, ZPP, PP, BPP</p> <p>Razvoj naključnostnih algoritmov</p>	<p>The course will offer the following themes:</p> <p>Introduction</p> <p>Computational complexity of decision and optimization problems</p> <p>NP-complete and NP-hard problems</p> <p>Heuristic algorithms, quality of suboptimal solutions, (non)existence of a guarantee of quality</p> <p>Approximate solving of NP-hard problems</p> <p>Approximation algorithms</p> <p>Quality of approximate solutions</p> <p>The class APX</p> <p>Gap technique</p> <p>Approximation schemes</p> <p>The classes PTAS and FPTAS</p> <p>Limits of approximate solving</p> <p>The design of approximation algorithms</p> <p>Greedy method</p> <p>Focusing on subproblems</p> <p>Iterative partitioning</p> <p>Dynamic programming</p> <p>Randomized solving of NP-hard problems</p> <p>Las Vegas and Monte Carlo algorithms</p> <p>The classes RP, co-RP, ZPP, PP, BPP</p> <p>The design of randomized algorithm</p>
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Naključno vzorčenje	Random sampling
Zagotavljanje obilice prič	Establishing abundance of witnesses
Naključno preurejanje vhoda	Random reordering
Zgoščanje	Hashing
Enakomerno porazdeljevanje bremen	Load balancing

Temeljni literatura in viri / Readings:

B. Robič, Aproksimacijski algoritmi, Založba FE in FRI, 2.izd., 2009.

D.P. Williamson, D.B. Shmoys, The Design of Approximation Algorithms, Cambridge University Press, 2011.

V. V. Vazirani, Approximation Algorithms, Springer, 2004.

D. Hochbaum, Approximation Algorithms for NP-hard Problems, Course Technology, 1996.

R. Motwani, P.Raghavan, Randomized Algorithms, Cambridge University Press, 1995.

M. Mitzenmacher, E. Upfal, Probability and Computing: Randomized algorithms and Probabilistic Analysis, Cambridge University Press, 2005.

Cilji in kompetence:

Slušatelji bodo na teoretičnem nivoju in prek praktičnih primerov osvojili znanja za približno in naključnostno reševanje praktičnih problemov, ki so v razumnem času drugače neobvladljivi.

Objectives and competences:

Students will learn, both theoretically and through practical examples, how to use approximation and randomization techniques to solve practical yet intractable computational problems.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

Znanje in razumevanje:

Študent bo po opravljenem predmetu:

-- razumel razloge za aproksimacijski in/ali naključnostni pristop k reševanju nekaterih, predvsem NP-težkih računskih problemov,

-- razumel razliko (in povezave) med odločitvenimi in optimizacijskimi problemi,

Intended learning outcomes:

Knowledge and understanding:

After completing the course the student will:

-- understand the reasons for approximative or randomized approach to solving of (mainly NP-hard) computational problems,

-- understand the differences (and connections) between decision and optimization problems,

<p>-- razumel praktične razloge za aproks. ali naklj. računanje suboptimalnih rešitev problemov,</p> <p>-- razumel osnovne pojme o aproks. in naklj. algoritmih,</p> <p>-- razumel razne pristope za določanje kakovosti suboptimalnih rešitev ter omejitve teh pristopov,</p> <p>-- razumel razrede zahtevnosti odločitvenih in optimizacijskih problemov glede na njihovo odzivnost na aproks. ali naklj. reševanje, in relacije med temi razredi,</p> <p>-- poznal aproks. In naklj. algoritme za izbrane pomembne NP-težke probleme,</p> <p>-- usposobljen uporabljati razne metode za razvoj in analizo aproks. in naklj. algoritmov</p> <p>-- usposobljen za samostojno iskanje in razumevanje novih raziskovalnih rezultatov s področij aproksimacijsega in naključnostnega reševanja računskih problemov.</p>	<p>-- understand the practical reasons for approx. or rand. computing of suboptimal solutions,</p> <p>-- understand the basic notions about approx. and rand. algorithms,</p> <p>-- understand different approaches to estimation of the quality of suboptimal solutions, and their limitations,</p> <p>-- understand the complexity classes of decision and optimizations problems according to their amenability to approx. or rand. solving, and the relations between the classes,</p> <p>-- know approx. or rand. algorithms for selected important NP-hard problems,</p> <p>-- be able to use different methods of the design and analysis of approx. and rand. algorithms,</p> <p>-- be able to follow and understand the new research results in the area of approximation and randomized algorithms</p>

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

Predavanja, domače naloge, seminarski način dela pri vajah.

Learning and teaching methods:

Lectures, homeworks, and exercise groups.

Delež (v %) /

Načini ocenjevanja:

Weight (in %)

Assessment:

Način (pisni izpit, naloge, projekt)	50%	Type (examination, coursework, project): Continuing (homework, practical work)
Sprotno preverjanje (domače naloge,	50%	

praktično delo) Končno preverjanje (pisni izpit) Ocene: 6-10 pozitivno, 5 negativno (skladno s Statutom UL).		Final (written exam) Grading: 6-10 pass, 5 fail (in accordance with the rules of the University of Ljubljana).
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Reference nosilca / Lecturer's references:

Borut Robič:

- MIHELIČ, Jurij, MAHJOUR, Amine, RAPINE, Christophe, ROBIČ, Borut. Two-stage flexible-choice problems under uncertainty. European journal of operational research, ISSN 0377-2217. [Print ed.], Mar. 2010, vol. 201, no. 2, str. 399-403, ilustr. [COBISS.SI-ID 7087444]
- MIHELIČ, Jurij, ROBIČ, Borut. Flexible-attribute problems. Computational optimization and applications, ISSN 0926-6003. [Print ed.], 2010, vol. 47, no. 3, str. 553-566, ilustr. [COBISS.SI-ID 7087700]
- BEZENŠEK, Mitja, ROBIČ, Borut. A survey of parallel and distributed algorithms for the Steiner tree problem. International journal of parallel programming, ISSN 0885-7458. [Print ed.], 2014, vol. 42, no. 2, str. 287-319. [COBISS.SI-ID 9891924]
- TROBEC, Roman, ŠTERK, Marjan, ROBIČ, Borut. Computational complexity and parallelization of the meshless local Petrov-Galerkin methods. Computers & Structures, ISSN 0045-7949. [Print ed.], 2009, vol. 87, no. 1/2, str. 81-90. [COBISS.SI-ID 21895463]
- ROBIČ, Borut. The foundations of computability theory. Heidelberg [etc.]: Springer, cop. 2015. XX, 331 str., ilustr. ISBN 978-3-662-44807-6. ISBN 978-3-662-44808-3. [COBISS.SI-ID 1536557251]